



# Avionics / Altimeter Webinar

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**ARTEMIS**  
**STUDENT**  
**CHALLENGES**

[nasa.gov/stem/artemis.html](https://nasa.gov/stem/artemis.html)



Partner

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## Tripoli Rocket Association

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# Webinar Overview

- COTS Altimeters
- Switches
- Power Supply Usage
- Tracking
- Avionics Hardware



# Avionics

- The term 'avionics' is used to describe all electronic components that control the flight of the vehicle
  - This typically includes **altimeters** and **tracking**
  - This does not include any 'payload / challenge' components
    - These do not affect the flight of the vehicle
    - The vehicle should be designed to still have a successful flight without the payload
- Although sometimes used synonymously, the term payload is not the same as the term avionics





# COTS Altimeter

- COTS means a Commercial Off-The-Shelf device
  - You cannot fabricate/program your own altimeter for ejection events
- Altimeters are a small electronic device
  - Barometric pressure sensor records altitude of rocket at all times
  - Advanced altimeters will have additional features - accelerometer
- Altimeter's 'trigger' your ejection events (black powder charges) for parachute deployment in a dual deployment configuration
  - Altimeters are also needed to record your flight apogee





# COTS Altimeter

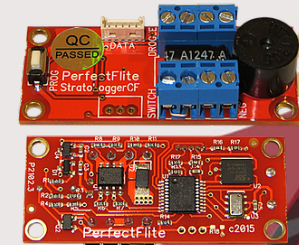
- Altimeters usually contain a drogue and a main channel
  - We suggest redundant (aka backup) altimeter / circuit
- You will program your altimeters to trigger / deploy your parachutes at certain events
  - Ensure you understand the GUI for your altimeter
- Your mentor will provide / instruct / assist you with connecting your ejection charges pre-flight
- You should test your altimeters in a vacuum chamber





# COTS Altimeter - Simple

- May be used as
  - Single Deployment (Apogee/Main - Only)
  - Dual Deployment (Apogee/Drogue and Main)
  
- If Rocket Speed Is Anticipated to Approach/Transition Mach
  - Select ONLY Controllers WITH MACH INHIBIT to Prevent Recovery Deployment While Under Thrust



PerfectFlite StratologgerCF



Featherweight Raven 4

# COTS Altimeter - Advanced

- May Provide Additional Features

- Barometric Sensor
- Accelerometer (One-axis, Two, Axis, or Three Axis)
- Gyro Sensors (Usually Three-Axis)
- Mach Inhibit a Usual Feature
- Selectable Barometric or Accelerometer/Gyro- Triggered Apogee (Drogue) Deployment
- Main Parachute Deployment by Barometrically-Sensed Altitude
- Extensive Flight Data Recording and Telemetry, as well as tracking in Some Models

AltusMetrum TeleMetrum

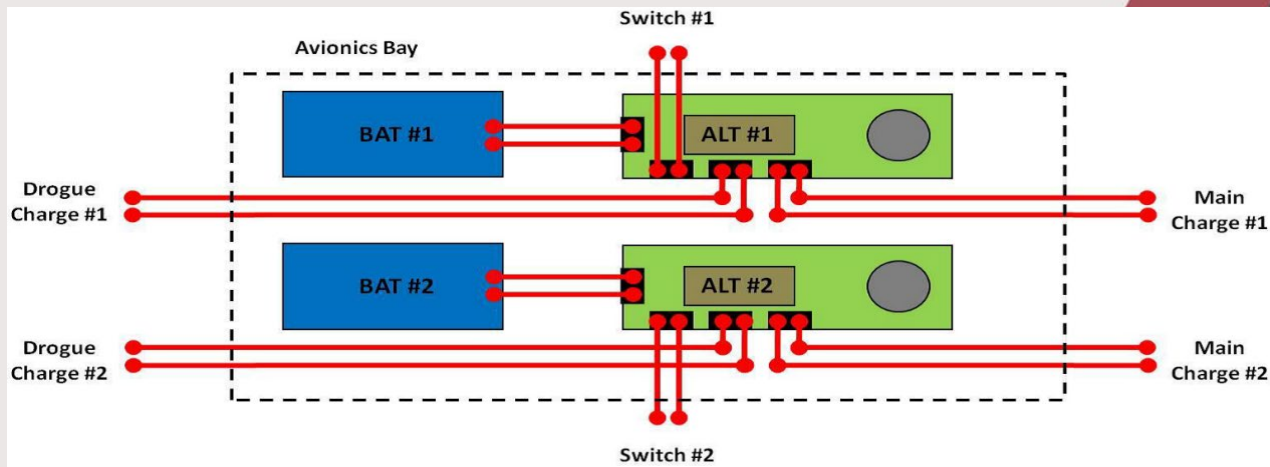




# COTS Altimeter - Circuit

## ■ An example dual redundant circuits

- Note the independent circuits
- Note the switch locations



Drogue  
Parachute

Main  
Parachute



# COTS Altimeter - Brands

- Some common brands (not extensive list)
  - Featherweight
    - <https://www.featherweightaltimeters.com/raven-altimeter.html>
  - Altus Metrum
    - <https://altusmetrum.org/>
  - PerfectFlight
  - Missileworks
  - <https://www.nar.org/contest-flying/us-model-rocket-sporting-code/appendix/altimeters-approved-for-contest-use/>



# Avionics Switches

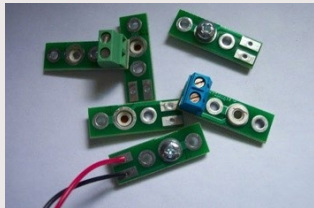
- Each altimeter must be on an independent circuit
- Each altimeter must have an externally accessible switch
  - Your altimeters cannot be turned on until the rocket is vertical on the pad
  - The switch is typically accessible on the 'switch band' which also contains your vent holes



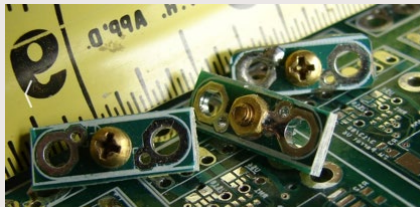
# Avionics Switches

## ■ Considerations

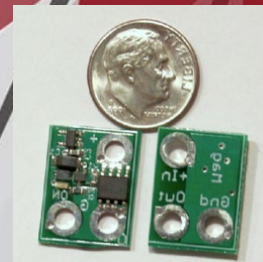
- Use Switches Resistant To Changing States Under G-Forces (+ OR -)
- Don't Rely On Twisted Wires to Complete Circuit
- Screw-Down Switch / Magnetic-Activated Switches Preferred
- Avoid BAT-HANDLE, TOGGLE, and SLIDE Switches
  - They Can (And HAVE) Changed State In-Flight, Resulting in Loss of Vehicle



MissileWorks 6-32 Screw Switch



Featherweight Screw Switch



Featherweight Magnetic Switch



# Avionics - Power

- Each altimeter must have a dedicated power source
  - Power is not shared to other devices
- Understand power source your altimeter requires
  - They are not all the same (voltage range, current)
- Secure your power source for high-G loading





# Avionics - Tracking

- Your rocket is required to have a tracking device
  - \*Aside from the Challenge tracking in Moon Challenge
- There are a variety of simple plug and play GPS tracking devices offered by the altimeter companies mentioned previously
- Ensure you test your tracking device and understand its operation thoroughly





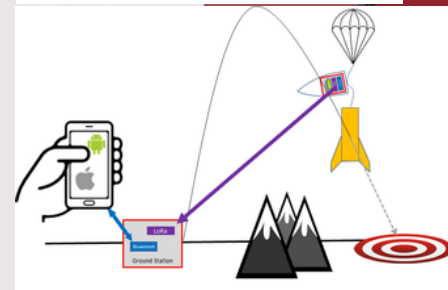
# Avionics - Tracking

## ■ Radio Frequency Considerations

- License-Free Operation
- Amateur Band Operation

## ■ Components

- Flight Segment
- Ground Segment

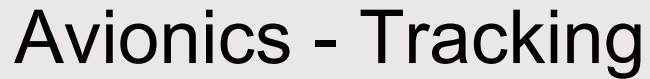




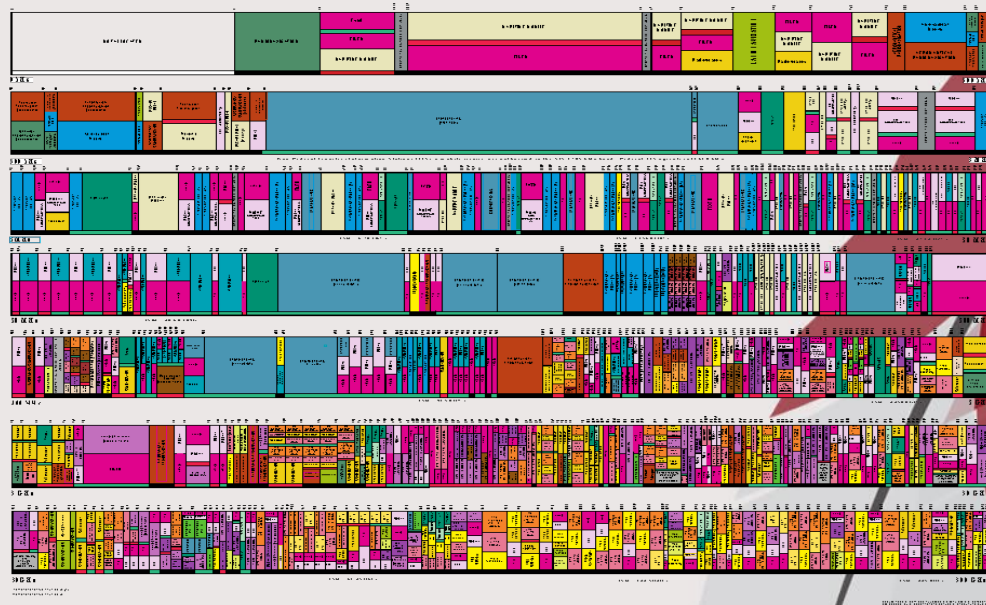
# Avionics - Tracking

- Radio Tracking Frequency Considerations
  - License-Free / Unlicensed Operation
    - ISM Band (Industrial, Scientific & Medical)
    - 315 MHz, 915 MHz, & 2.4GHz in the United States
  - Amateur Band Operation
    - Requires US Amateur Radio Operator's License
      - Technician Class at a Minimum
- FNL suggests a license-free tracker and prohibits transmissions that exceed 250 mW.





## THE RADIO SPECTRUM



# Avionics - Tracking

## ■ Flight Component

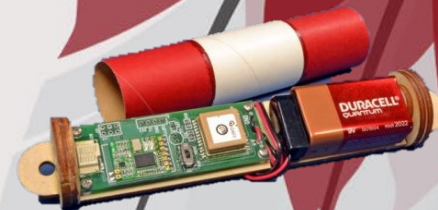
- GPS & Antenna
- Tracker Transmitter
- Battery / Power
- Switch



Featherweight GPS



AltusMetrum TeleGPS



Apogee Simple GPS

# Avionics - Tracking

## ■ Ground Component

- Receiving Antenna
- Receiver
- Computer or Tablet/ Cellphone
- Software Application Compatible with Tracker and Computer/Cellphone

### Apogee Simple GPS



### AltusMetrum TeleBT



### Featherweight GPS and App



Ground Station	
Lat	39.575
Lon	-105.1305
Alt	4122
Dist	901
Elev	76
Direction	326
VertV	0
HorzV	0
Headed	41
RSSI	RSSI
SNR	SNR
45	0.0
5841	-105.12857 39.572757
0	19:45:13

# Avionics – Tracking Brands

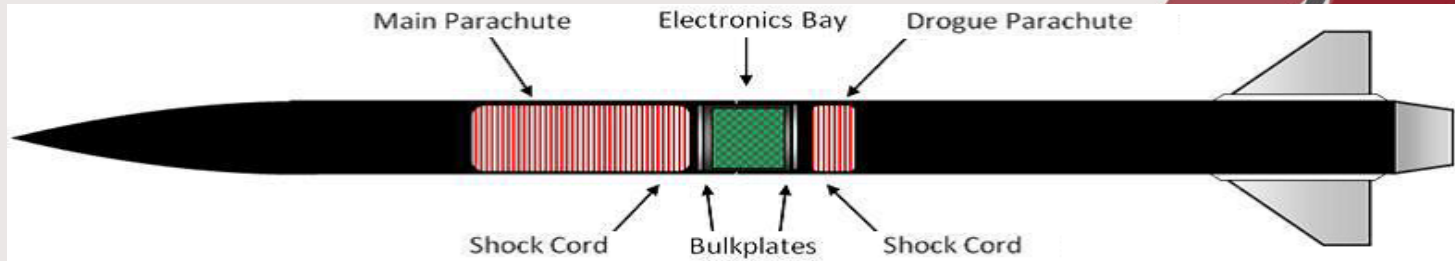
- Common GPS Trackers (not extensive list)
  - Featherweight
    - <https://www.featherweightaltimeters.com/featherweight-gps-tracker1.html>
  - Altus Metrum
    - <https://altusmetrum.org/>
  - Apogee Components
    - <https://www.apogeerockets.com/Electronics-Payloads/Rocket-Locators/Simple-GPS-Tracker>
- There also exist RF tracking options





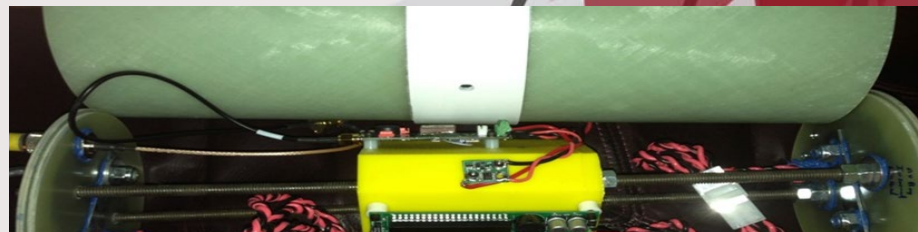
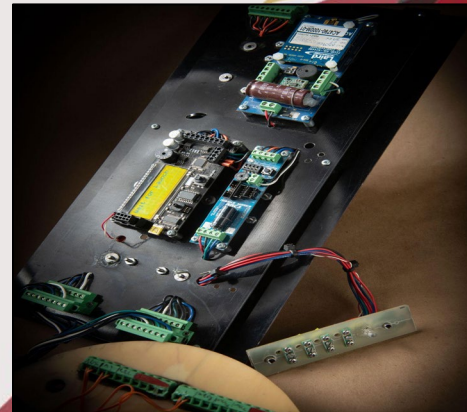
# Avionics Bay - Hardware

- Avionics bay is typically located in the coupler section between the booster and sustainer section
  - This means it is located between the drogue parachute (booster) and the main parachute (sustainer) as well

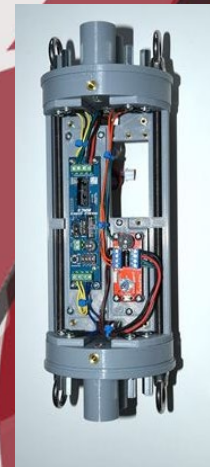
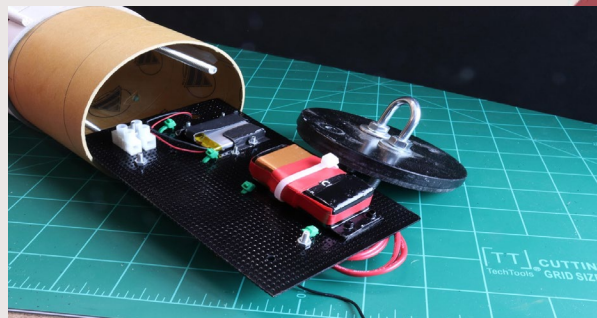
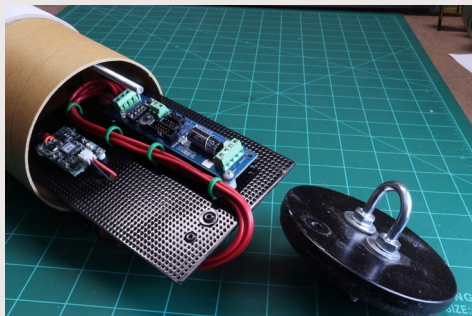
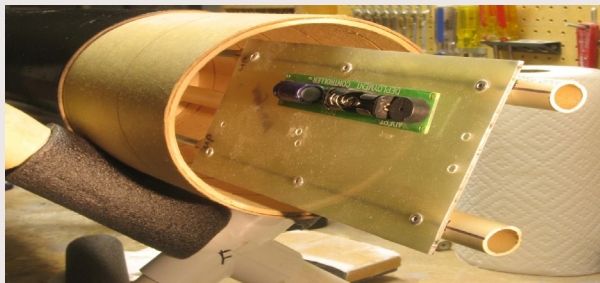


# Avionics Bay - Hardware

- Your avionics sled will sit inside the coupler
  - You may fabricate your sled to integrate
- Your switch / vent band will be centered outside the coupler



# Avionics Hardware - Sleds



# Avionics Hardware – Printed Sleds





# Avionics Bay - Hardware

## ■ Mounting Considerations

- Tracking /Telemetry Require RF-Transparent Airframe in Vicinity of Antennas
  - No Carbon Fiber
  - No Metal (Aluminum, Steel, etc.)
  - No Metallic-Finish (Paint, Heat-shrink Covering, etc.)
- Barometric Sensors Require Free Airflow to Operate
  - Add Ports/Vent Holes Into Avionics Bay/Switch Band
    - See Handbook of Modern Rocketry (G. Harry Stine)
    - See Modern High Power Rocketry 2 (Mark Canapa)
    - See FNL Competition Handbook





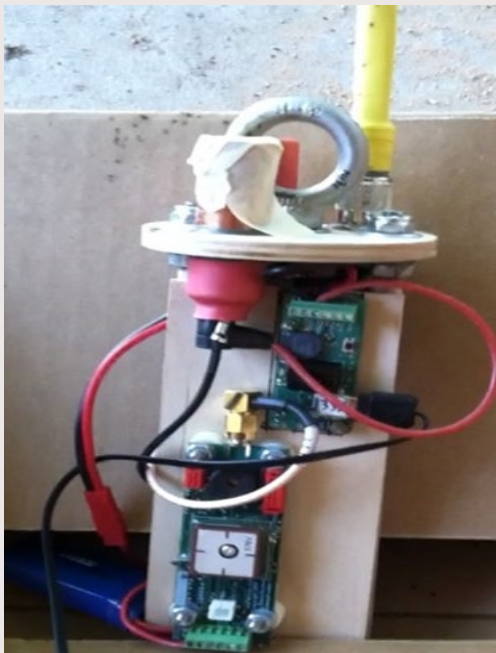
# Avionics Bay - Hardware

## ■ Mounting Considerations

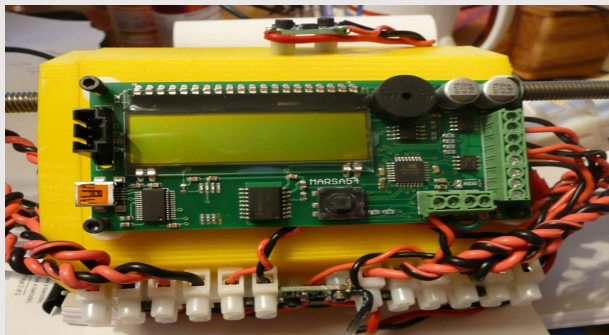
- Rigidly Mount All Avionics With Appropriate Hardware to Insure Proper Function
  - Accelerometers and Gyros Require Solid Mounting For Error-Free Performance
  - All Wiring Should Be Soldered AND/OR Crimped to Insure Connections Under G's
  - Ensure to use the proper size of wiring (based on current / resistance)



# Avionics Bay - Hardware



# Avionics Bay - Hardware





# Avionics Summary

- Select Appropriate Avionics to Meet Mission Goals
  - Mount Avionics to Prevent Unintended Operation
    - Ensure RF-transparent Airframe for Telemetry and Tracking
    - Make Secure Electrical Connections
    - Allow for Airflow to Barometric Sensors
    - Consider REDUNDANT Flight Controllers- More Reliable than a Single Controller!
    - Time-Phase Redundant Charge to Fire AFTER Primary Charge by Time or Altitude
    - Test What You Will Fly, and Fly ONLY What You Test
    - Ensure Deployment Charges are Adequate to Deploy Drogue & Main Parachutes





# Any Questions?

